### **NUMBER SYSTEM**

**GRADE: IX** WORKSHEET - 1 **SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS** 

## I. Multiple Choice questions:

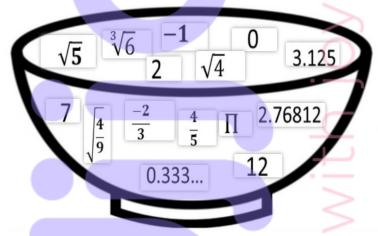
- 1) Every rational number is
- a) Whole number b) Natural number c)Integer d) Real number
- 2) Which of the following is true?
- a) Every irrational number is a real number
- b) Every real number is an Irrational number
- c) Every real number is a rational number
- d)Every point on the number line is of the form  $\sqrt{m}$ , where m is a natural number
- 3)The number whose decimal expansion is non-terminating and non-recurring is an
- a) Rational number b) Irrational number c) Whole number d) Composite number
- 4) Find the odd one out of the following:
- a)  $\sqrt{32} \times \sqrt{2}$  b)  $\frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{3}}$  c)  $\sqrt{72} \times \sqrt{8}$  d)  $\frac{\sqrt{54}}{\sqrt{18}}$

- 5) The value of  $\sqrt[4]{\sqrt[3]{2^2}}$  is equal to
- a)  $2^{-1/6}$  b)  $2^{-6}$  c)  $2^{1/6}$  b)  $2^{6}$
- 6) Which of the following statement is false?
- a) The square root of -25 is 5 b)  $\sqrt{25} = 5$  c)  $-\sqrt{25} = -5$  d)  $\sqrt{25} = \pm 5$

- 7)The smallest rational number by which 1/3 should be multiplied so that its decimal expansion terminates with one place of decimal is
- a)  $\frac{1}{10}$  b)  $\frac{3}{10}$  c) 3 d) 30
- 8) If  $8^x = \frac{64}{2^x}$ , then the value of x is \_\_\_\_\_ a) 3 b) 1 c)  $\frac{1}{2}$  d)  $\frac{3}{2}$

- 9)  $(0.001)^{1/3}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_
- a) 0.1
- b) 0.001
- c) 0.01
- d) 0.0001
- 10) If a = 2 and b = 3 then the value of  $b^a$  is
- a) 4 b) 9 c) 2

II. From the bowl of numbers, Pick a number and categorize them as rational or irrational:



Irrational Numbers

### III. Fill in the Blanks:

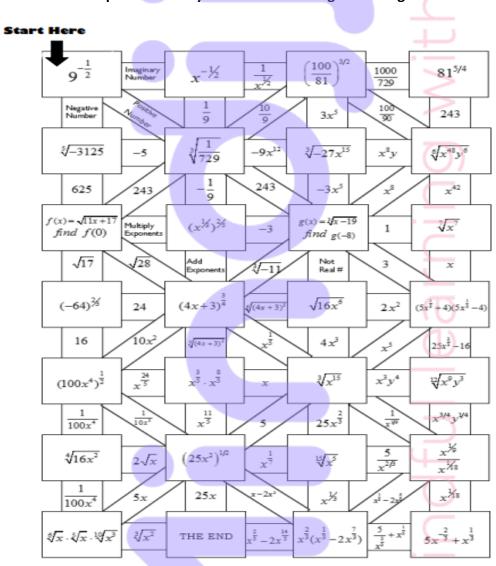
- 1)The rational number equal to its negative is its
- 2) If x is the reciprocal of y, then the reciprocal of y is \_
- 3) The value of  $2^{55} X 2^{60} 2^{97} X 2^{18}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- 6)The simplest rationalising factor of  $\sqrt[3]{500}$  is \_
- 7) If  $x = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$  and xy = 1 then  $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) If  $x = \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt{3}}$ , then  $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- 9)The value of  $\frac{\sqrt{48}+\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{27}+\sqrt{18}}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) If  $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142$ , then  $\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}+1}} =$

# IV. State whether the following statements are true or false:

- $1.\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$  is a rational number
- 2. There are infinitely many integers between any two integers
- 3. Every integer is a rational number.
- 4. 0.33033003300033... is an Irrational number
- 5. The value of m for which  $\{\frac{6}{13}\}^{-4} \times \{\frac{6}{13}\}^{3m} = \{\frac{6}{13}\}^{5}$  is -3

## V. Answer each question. Use your answer to navigate through the maze:



# VI. Complete the Cross-word Puzzle using the clues given:

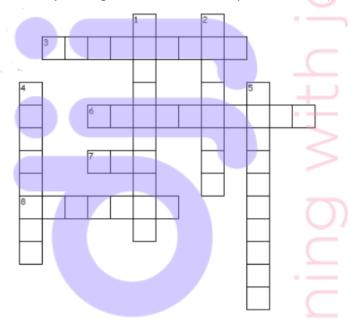
#### Across:

- 3. Rational numbers have only two choices either they are terminating or non-terminating and \_\_\_\_\_\_ decimal
- 6. The first person to discover the numbers which were not rational
- 7. The number  $(\sqrt{3} + 1)(\sqrt{3} 1)$  is

# 8. Counting numbers are called

#### Down:

- 1. Non-terminating, non-recurring decimal expression
- 2. The set of positive and negative number is
- 4. Number of the form p/q
- 5. Who was the first to compute digits in the decimal expansion of  $\pi$  ( Greek genius)



# VII Match the Exponent in Column I to an exponent in Column II

COLUMN I

**COLUMN II** 

